

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

**Inductive Grammar Chart**  
**(Unit 5, page 54)**

**GRAMMAR.** Indirect speech: say and tell—tense changes

Look at these statements with say and tell.

Maggie **told her parents** to stay home.

Maggie **said** to stay home.

**FIGURE IT OUT . . .**

Complete these grammar rules. Use say or tell.

1. Use \_\_\_\_\_ when you mention the listener.
2. Use \_\_\_\_\_ when you don't mention the listener.

Look at these other examples with indirect speech.

They said, "The weather **is** awful." → They said (that) the weather **was** awful.

Dan said, "We all **had** the flu." → Dan **said** (that) they all **had had** the flu.

They said, "There **will** be snow tonight." → They said there **would** be snow tonight.

My husband said, "You **can** come with me." → My husband said I **could** come with him.

**FIGURE IT OUT . . .**

Complete these grammar rules.

In direct speech, . . .

1. When the speaker uses the simple present tense, the indirect speech uses the \_\_\_\_\_ tense.  
*simple present / simple past*
2. When the speaker uses the simple past tense, the indirect speech uses the \_\_\_\_\_ tense.  
*simple past / past perfect*
3. When the speaker uses will, the indirect speech uses \_\_\_\_\_.  
    . When the speaker uses can, the indirect speech uses \_\_\_\_\_.