STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE TO ORGANIZING THE SPEAKING PROJECT AND PREPARING MATERIALS

Project Overview:

The goal of this project is for students to deliver a short presentation (3–5 minutes) on a famous monument or natural attraction in Ecuador. They will use the **Past Continuous** and **Present Perfect** tenses to describe events and experiences related to their chosen place.

Steps for Organizing the Project:

1. Introduction to the Project (First Class Session):

- **Objective:** Explain the project and its goals.
- Materials: Project guidelines handout, list of suggested monuments and attractions.

What to do:

- Introduce the grammar focus: Past Continuous and Present Perfect tenses.
- Share example sentences and explain how these tenses will be used in their presentations.
- Distribute the **Project Guidelines Handout** (see below).
- Show them a model presentation (either live or a recorded example).

2. Monument/Attraction Selection:

- **Objective:** Students choose a place they are interested in presenting.
- **Materials:** A list of famous Ecuadorian monuments and natural attractions for students to choose from.

What to do?

- List of potential topics, such as:
 - Monuments: La Mitad del Mundo, Monument to the Heroes of Independence (Quito), Ingapirca Ruins.
 - o **Natural Attractions:** Galápagos Islands, Cotopaxi Volcano, Amazon Rainforest, Quilotoa Lagoon, Devil's Nose (Nariz del Diablo).
- Each student selects one place. If they want, allow them to choose a place not on the list, as long as it is relevant to the formative research project.
- Assign students to conduct research on their chosen place.

3. Research:

- Objective: Students gather information about their chosen monument or attraction.
- Materials: Research worksheets (optional), internet access, library resources.

What to do?

- Research Worksheet (see below) to help organize their findings.
- Focus on key points: location, history, significance, and their personal experience or future plans to visit.
- Suggest trusted sources like travel websites, history books, or documentaries.

4. Drafting the Speech (Second Class Session):

- **Objective:** Students begin writing their speeches using the Past Continuous and Present Perfect tenses.
- Materials: Speech outline template (see below).

What to do?

- Hand out the **Speech Outline Template** (see below).
- Help students start drafting their presentations, focusing on grammar usage.
- Encourage them to use transitions to link past events to present experiences or relevance.

5. Peer Feedback (Third Class Session):

- Objective: Students present their draft speeches to a partner or small group for feedback.
- Materials: Peer review worksheet (optional).

What to do?

- Organize students into pairs or small groups.
- Have them present their speech drafts and give feedback using a **Peer Review Worksheet** (see below).
- Focus feedback on grammar accuracy and clarity of information.

6. Final Presentations (Fourth Class Session):

- **Objective:** Students deliver their final presentations to the class.
- Materials: Rubric for evaluation (see below).

What to do?

- Allow students to present one by one.
- Use the **Presentation Rubric** to assess their work, focusing on content, fluency, pronunciation, grammar usage (Past Continuous, Present Perfect), and engagement.
- Allow the audience to ask follow-up questions using the same tenses.

Materials for Students:

Project Guidelines Handout:

Tourism in Ecuador: Monuments and Attractions Presentation

- **Goal**: Present a well-known Ecuadorian monument or natural attraction, using the Past Continuous and Present Perfect tenses.
- Length: 3-5 minutes.
- Key points to cover:
 - o Location and description of the place.
 - o Historical background or importance.
 - o Personal experiences (or imagined experiences) with the place.
 - o Use **Past Continuous** to describe ongoing actions or background events.
 - Use Present Perfect to describe experiences or effects that continue to be relevant today.
- Deadline: Thursday, October 17th, 2024

Research Worksheet:

Topic	Information
Place Name	
Location	
Historical Significance	
Interesting Facts	
Personal Experience or Planned Visit	
Notes for Grammar (Past Continuous + Present Perfect)	

Speech Outline Template:

Title of Your Presentation:

Chosen Monument/Natural Attraction:

1. Introduction:

- o State the name of the place and its location.
- o Example: "Today, I'll talk about La Mitad del Mundo, located near Quito."

2. Historical Background:

- o Describe when and why the place became famous.
- o Use **Past Continuous** to describe ongoing actions/events in the past.
- Example: "While they were measuring the equator, they discovered a small error..."

3. Personal Experience or Future Plans:

o Share what you have done, or what others have done, related to the place.

- Use **Present Perfect** to describe actions that have happened recently or are still relevant.
- Example: "Many people **have visited** the site over the years, and I **have been** there twice myself."

4. Conclusion:

- o Summarize why this place is important for Ecuador and tourism.
- o Invite questions.

Peer Review Worksheet:

- Speaker's Name:
- Topic:
- Did the speaker use the Past Continuous correctly? Example:
 - o Yes / No.
 - o Example: "He was talking about the history when..."
- Did the speaker use the Present Perfect correctly? Example:
 - o Yes / No.
 - o Example: "She has visited the site many times..."
- Suggestions for improvement:

Presentation Rubric:

Criteria	Excellent (10)	Good (8)	Fair (6.5)	Needs Improvement (5.5)
Content	and accurate	-	Basic information provided, needs more research.	Lacks important details or unclear information.
Grammar (Past Continuous)	Correctly used in all examples.	Mostly correct, minor errors.	Some correct uses, but frequent mistakes.	Incorrect or no use of Past Continuous.
Grammar (Present Perfect)	Correctly used in all examples.	minor errors	Some correct uses, but frequent mistakes.	Incorrect or no use of Present Perfect.
Fluency	*	Minor pauses or hesitations.	Struggles with fluency.	Frequent pauses, difficult to understand.
Pronunciation	pronunciation and	Good pronunciation with few errors.	Fair, but needs improvement.	Difficult to understand.