

CUADRADO DE UN BINOMIO

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(a-b)^2 = \underline{\underline{a^2 - 2ab + b^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a+b)(a+b) &= a^2 + ab + ba + b^2 \\ &= a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(x-5)^2 = x^2 - 2 \times 5 + 25 = x^2 - 10x + 25 //$$

$$(m-3)^2 = m^2 - 6m + 9 //$$

$$(x+6)^3 = X$$

$$(a^2 - b^2)^2 = a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 \rightarrow \text{OJO}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a^2)^2 - 2a^2b^2 + (b^2)^2 \\ a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$(3xy + 5x)^2 = 9x^2y^2 + 30x^2y + 25x^2 //$$

$$(5m - 2)^2 = 25m^2 - 20m + 4 //$$

$$(-5m^2 + 3n^2)^2 = 25m^4 - 30m^2n^2 + 9n^4 //$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}x^3 + \frac{2}{3}y^2\right)^2 = \frac{9}{16}x^6 + x^3y^2 + \frac{4}{9}y^4 // \leftarrow$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}x^3\right)^2 + \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{3}{4}x^3 \cdot \frac{2}{3}y^2 + \left(\frac{2}{3}y^2\right)^2$$

$$\frac{9}{16}x^6 + \frac{12}{12}x^3y^2 + \frac{4}{9}y^4$$

$$\frac{9}{16}x^6 + x^3y^2 + \frac{4}{9}y^4 //$$

BINOMIO CONJUGADO

$$(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$$

$$(5x+3)(5x-3) = (5x)^2 - 3^2 \\ 25x^2 - 9 //$$

$$(3m - 2n^2)(3m + 2n^2) = 9m^2 - 4n^4$$

$$(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}) = (\sqrt{2})^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2$$

$$= 2 - 3 = -1$$

$$(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$$

$$(3\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{3})(3\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{3}) = 12 - 42$$

$$= (3\sqrt{6})^2 - (2\sqrt{3})^2$$

$$= 9 \cdot 6 - 4 \cdot 3$$

$$= 54 - 12 \rightarrow 42 //$$

Binomio con Términos Común

$$(x+a)(x+b) = x^2 + (a+b)x + ab$$

$$(x+2)(x+3) = x^2 + (2+3)x + 2 \cdot 3 \rightarrow x^2 + 5x + 6 //$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 3x + 6 \downarrow$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 //$$

$$(b+4)(b+2) = b^2 + 10b + 24 //$$

$$(2x-2)(2x-4) = (2x)^2 - (6 \cdot 2)x + 2 \cdot 4 \quad (-) (-)$$

$$4x^2 - (12)x + 8 \quad (+) (+)$$

$$4x^2 - 12x + 8 //$$

$$(a-5)(3+a) = a^2 - 8a - 15 \quad | \quad a^2 - (-5+3)a - 5 \cdot 3$$

$$(a-5)(a+3) = a^2 - 2a - 15 // \quad | \quad a^2 - 2a - 15 //$$

$$a^2 + 2a - 15$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} - \\ + \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} + \\ - \end{array} \quad x^2 + (a+b)x + ab \quad \rightarrow a^2 - 5a + 3a - 15 \\ & (a)^2 - (-5+3)a + (-5 \cdot 3) \quad (a+3)(a-5) \\ & a^2 \cancel{-} (-2)a \cancel{+} (-15) \\ & \begin{array}{c} \cancel{a^2} + 2a - 15 \rightarrow \\ \cancel{-2a} - \cancel{15} \end{array} \quad (a-5)(a+3) \\ & \begin{array}{c} + \\ + \end{array} \quad (a+3)(a-3)x \end{aligned}$$

TRINOMIO AL CUADRADO

$$(a+b+c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2ac + 2bc$$

$$(x+y+z)^2 = (x+y+z) \cdot (x+y+z)$$
$$x^2 + xy + xz + xy + y^2 + yz + xz + yz + z^2$$
$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2xy + 2yz + 2xz //$$

$$(x+y+z)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2xy + 2yz + 2xz //$$

$$(x+y+3)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 9 + 2xy + 6x + 6y //$$

$$(2m+3n+5)^2 = 4m^2 + 9n^2 + 25 + 12mn + 10m + 30n$$

$$(5a^2+3b^3-a)^2 = 25a^4 + 9b^6 + 30a^2b^3 + 6ab^3 - 10a^3$$

$$25a^4 + 9b^6 + 9^2 + 30a^2b^3 - 6ab^3 - 10a^3 //$$

CUBO DE UN TRINOMIO

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$$

$$(a-b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$$

$$\frac{(x+5)}{5}^3 = x^3 + 3x^2 \cdot 5 + 3x(5)^2 + 5^3$$
$$x^3 + 15x^2 + 75x + 125 //$$

$$(3-m)^3 = 27 - 27m + 9m^2 - m^3$$

$$(x+1)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1 //$$

TAREA

- * $(5m - 2)^2$
- * $(3x^3 - 2y^2)^2$
- * $\left(\frac{5}{6}m^3n - 9mn^3\right)^2$
- * $(2 - 3x)(3x + 2)$
- * $(5 - \sqrt{2})(5 - \sqrt{2})$
- * $(m + 3)(m - 5)$
- * $(x + 2)(x + 3)$
- * $(x^2 + 3)(x^2 - 2)$
- * $(m + n^2 + 4)^2$
- * $(5a^3 - 4b^3 + a^2b^2)^2$
- * $(3x + 2y - xy)^3$
- * $(8x - 2)^3$
- * $(6a + 10b)^3$
- * $(3x^2 + 2y^4)^3$

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